 &L E f & E L &	the pot in order to remain in the game. The players who remain can discard up to six cards, drawing as many cards as are discarded. All of a player's dis- cards must happen at once: as soon as a replacement card is drawn no additional cards may be discarded. The hands are evaluated again, selecting two suits to play and setting the other cards aside. Any player can open betting, de- claring the amount of their bet and adding it to the pot. The other players then either fold, see the bet (adding the amount	to the pot), or raise the bet (adding the amount to the pot). Once a player has bet they can- not do so again unless another player raises the bet, at which point the player can fold, see the raised bet (adding to the pot), or raise the bet again (adding to the pot). A player can go "all in" by adding their entire stake which allows them to stay in the hand no matter how high the bet goes. A player wins the pot if all other players fold. Otherwise the win- ner is determined as follows:
Each player who is still in the	played, held in reserve, are in	tles. The hands are ranked by
game plays their cards face up	folded hands, or are in extra	the number of alak in them, with
on the table. If an arl is played	hands join the arl. Any time a	ties in alaks broken by the num-
then any cards of that suit that	player has less than two suits	ber of number cards, and ties in
have been played, or are held in	played he must play another suit	number of cards by the total
reserve, or in folded hands, or in	from his reserve cards if possi-	value of the number cards. Bat-
extra hands (those dealt when	ble. This continues until all arl	tles are then fought in order of
there are fewer than four play-	cards in play have been re-	the highest ranked to lowest with
ers) join the arl. However, dis-	solved.	the loser of a battle dropping out
carded cards remain out of play.	If a player's played cards include	and the winner proceeding to the
If a player loses a suit due to an	an arlas then any other player	next lower ranked hand.
arl then, if possible, he must play	who does not have a deiskatun	For example, if hand A has two
another suit from his reserve	in their played hand must drop	alak and two number cards,
cards so that he has two suits in	out. If only one player remains	hand B has one alak and three
play. If this results in another arl	they are the winner, otherwise	number cards, hand C has one
being played then any cards of	battles ensue. Only the alak and	alak and five number cards and
the same suit that have been	number cards figure in these bat-	hand D has no alak and seven
number cards then they are	For example, if hand A has two	and hand C with 7 + 4 + 2 + 1, or
ranked A, C, B and D. A will bat-	alak, a five and six, hand B has	14 points — hand A drops out
tle C, with the winner battling B,	one alak, two sixes and a five,	and hand C is matched up
and that battling fighting D.	hand C has one alak, an eight, a	against hand B.
In each battle an alak removes	seven, a four, a two and a one	In this case the alak remove
another alak from consideration.	while hand D has two eights, two	each other from consideration
If the other hand does not have	sevens, two sixes and a five then	leaving hand B with 6 + 6 + 5, or
an alak then it removes the high-	the match ups occur in order of	17 and hand C with 8 + 7 + 4 + 2
est value number card from con-	A, C, B and D because A has the	+ 1, or 22. Hand B drops out and
sideration. The remaining	most alak and C has more num-	hand C is matched up against
number cards are then totaled	ber cards than B while D has no	hand D. The alak in hand C re-
with the highest total winning. A	alak at all.	moves one eight in hand D from
hand with only alak and no num-	When comparing hand A to hand	consideration. This leaves hand
ber cards can only win if the alak	C, the alak in hand A remove the	C with 8 + 7 + 4 + 2 + 1 = 22 and
remove all number cards from	alak and the eight in hand C	hand D with 8 + 7 + 7 + 6 + 6 +
the opposing hand. In the event	from consideration. This leaves	5, or 39, making hand D the win-
of a tie both players drop out.	hand A with 5 + 6, or 11 points	ner.

Outline of Play	There is no special order for	by any player and proceding in
 Ante bets are added to the pot Deal eight cards to each player Deal no fewer than four hands: if there are fewer play- ers deal them as extra hands Dealer sets the bring-in bet after looking at his cards Each player who is still in can discard up to six cards, draw- ing as many as are discarded A player must discard all cards at once, once a single card is drawn no more can be discarded 	 players to discard To facilitate play the dealer may deal the cards out instead of the players drawing them di- rectly If there are more than six players all discards happen be- fore any draws and the dis- cards are shuffled back into the deck Each player selects two suits from their hand, setting the cards in those suits face down on the table and retaining the remaining cards. Betting commences led 	any order though once a player makes a bet they cannot raise it unless another player raises the bet first. Once betting has completed the cards are turned over. If a player plays an arl then they can claim any card from that suit from an- other player's hand — either from the cards played or retained — but not cards that have been discarded or not yet drawn.
Only arl that have been played can claim cards — if an arl is re- tained then it cannot be used to claim any cards Cards in extra or folded hands can be claimed by arl If a player loses a suit to another player's arl then they choose an- other suit from their remaining cards to play Once all players have played their cards, all arl claims have been resolved and all retained cards played as necessary for a player to have two suits in play then the hand is resolved.	 If a player has no cards left (because they were claimed by another player's arl) they drop out If any player has an arlas then other players must drop out un- less they have a deiskatun If only one player remains they win If more than one player re- mains they compare alak and number cards in per-player match ups 	 Each alak defeats one opponent card having the highest value If a player's alak cards remove all of an opponent's alak and number cards then that player wins the match up Once alak have been considered the remaining number cards are summed and the highest total wins the match up Players are eliminated in match ups until only one player is left, that player is the winner. Variations in matchup ordering are common. Although in general
 this does not change anything, sometimes the order of matchups makes a difference — hands with circular wins are quite possible. Hands are ordered for match up with the winner of a match up going against the next hand Hands with two alak go first, followed by those with one and finally by those with none Hands with the same number of alak are ordered by number of number cards 	 Hands with the same number of alak and number cards are ordered by the total value of the number cards If a player wins then they claim the pot, otherwise it remains for the next hand. The player to the dealer's left be- comes the new dealer who col- lects all of the cards and shuffles the deck. 	<i>Instructions</i> Print at full size on 8½×11" paper Trim to outer edges (¼" except ¾" on left edge) Fan fold on dark lines Refold on dotted lines Store in card deck box